

Challenges of Aviation Network Expansion

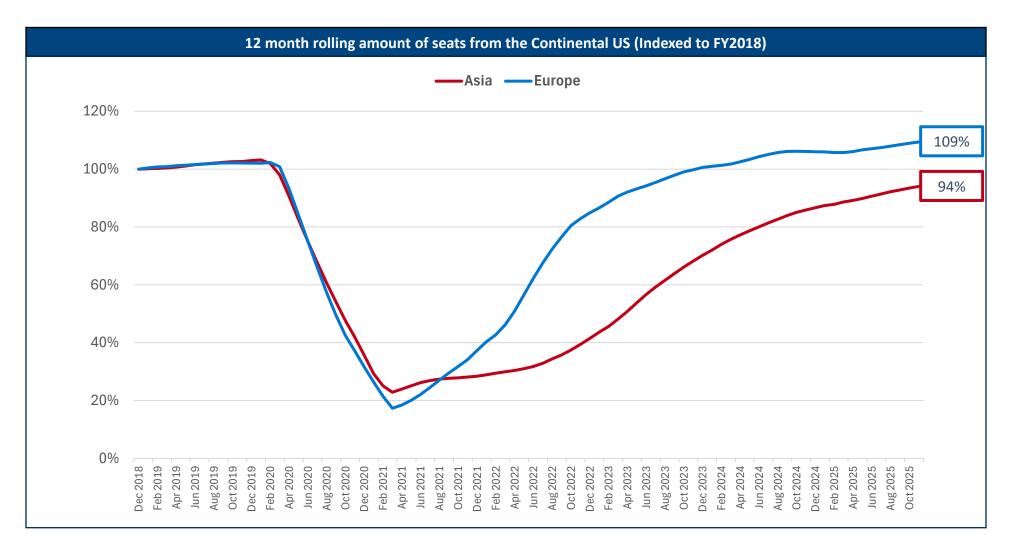
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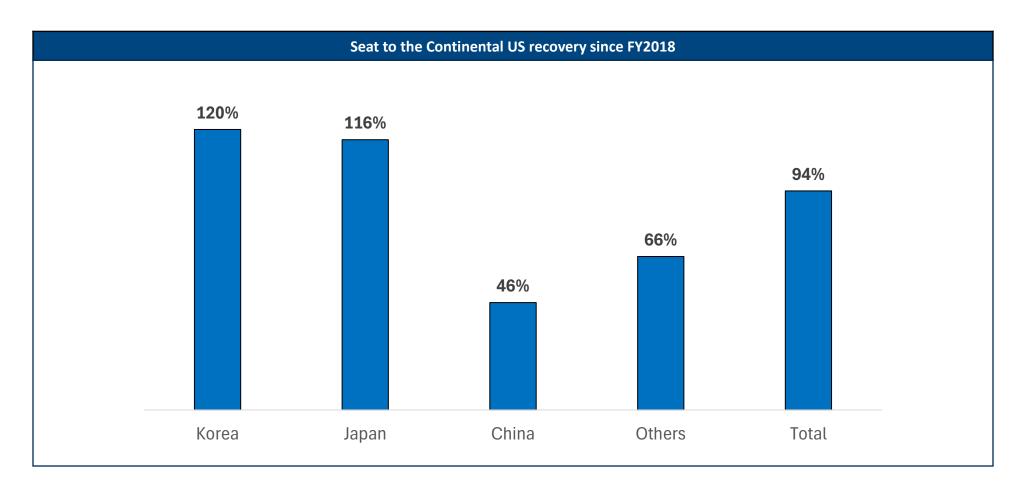


Capacity from the U.S. to Asia hasn't fully recovered 2019 levels, while other regions are surpassing pre-pandemic levels



Capacity recovery in Asia is not homogeneous

Korea and Japan show growth of ~20% compared to pre-pandemic levels, while other countries still haven't fully recovered



Opportunity cost is high and rising as supply chain issues continue

Opportunity Cost

 Strong post-pandemic Trans-Atlantic performance can create a steep opportunity cost to allocate aircraft away from Europe and towards Asia-Pacific, compounded by European markets requiring less aircraft investment

Aircraft Delivery Delays

 Aircraft delivery delays and uncertainty from both Boeing and Airbus have caused challenges in expanding long-haul international networks, particularly for markets requiring significant aircraft investment (such as Asia-Pacific)

Geopolitics puts pressure on demand and on costs

Trade Relations

Relationship between US and China remains complex, particularly in the commercial/trade industry,
 creating uncertainty in the business travel demand between the two countries

Russian Overfly

- Overflight restrictions increase operational costs due to longer routings:
 - Fuel Cost (~25% of operating expense)
 - Crew Cost (~30% of operating expense)

Overflight Restrictions

Europe & W. Asia

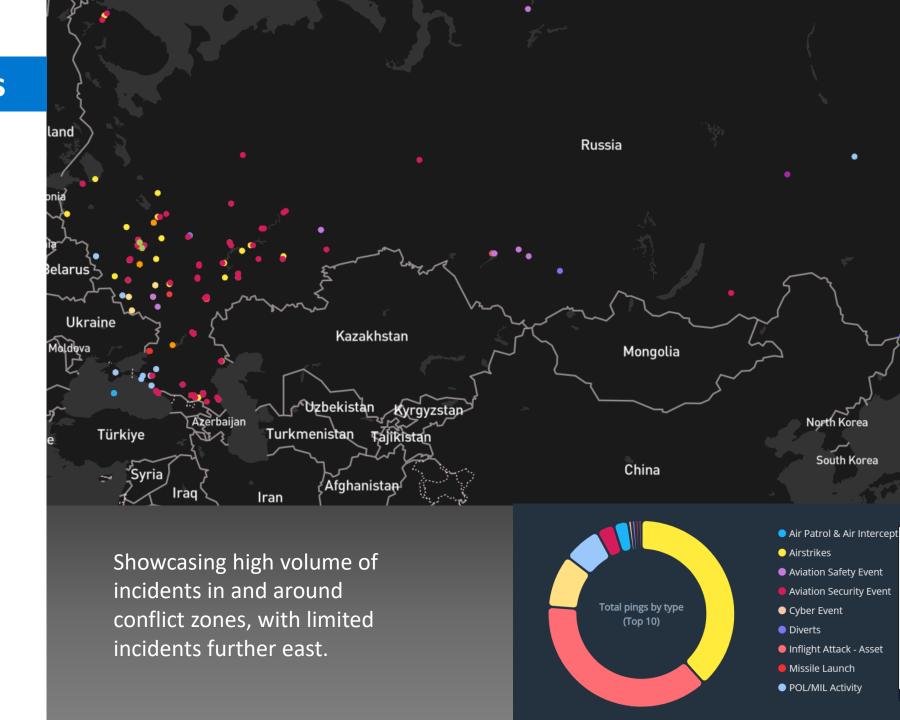
 A snapshot of global restrictions most impacting AA routing.



Overflight Restrictions

Western Russia

Map of incidents in Russian airspace since December
 2024



Overflight Restrictions

Asia Pacific

- Snapshot of a typical U.S.
 west coast Asia flight.
- Eastern Russian airspace is not exposed to the same military activity as western but is included in the current prohibitions for U.S. carriers.
- For AA routes, the Pyongyang FIR closure would be the biggest "restriction" for our ICN, HND, and NRT ops.

